

Name Jerry

Student Number _____

STA 431 Quiz 1

Circle

1. (5 points) Let the random variable x have expected value μ_x , let the random variable y have expected value μ_y , and let a be a non-zero constant. Choose one of the following statements and prove it, using the definition of covariance from the formula sheet.

$Cov(ax, y) = a^2 Cov(x, y)$, $Cov(ax, y) = a Cov(x, y)$, $Cov(ax, y) = Cov(x, y)$, $Cov(ax, y) = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} Cov(ax, y) &= E\{(ax - a\mu_x)(y - \mu_y)\} \\ &= E\{a(x - \mu_x)(y - \mu_y)\} \\ &= a E\{(x - \mu_x)(y - \mu_y)\} \\ &= a Cov(x, y) \end{aligned}$$

2. (5 points) Let

$$y_1 = \alpha_1 + \beta_1 x + \epsilon_1$$

$$y_2 = \alpha_2 + \beta_2 x + \epsilon_2$$

where $E(x) = \mu$, $Var(x) = \sigma_x^2$, $E(\epsilon_1) = E(\epsilon_2) = 0$, $Var(\epsilon_1) = \sigma_1^2$ and $Var(\epsilon_2) = \sigma_2^2$. The random variables x , ϵ_1 and ϵ_2 are independent. Using anything you wish from the formula sheet, calculate $Cov(y_1, y_2)$.

$$\begin{aligned} Cov(y_1, y_2) &= Cov((\alpha_1 + \beta_1 x + \epsilon_1)(\alpha_2 + \beta_2 x + \epsilon_2)) \\ &= \beta_1 \beta_2 Cov(x, x) + \beta_1 Cov(x, \epsilon_2) + \beta_2 Cov(x, \epsilon_1) \\ &\quad + Cov(\epsilon_1, \epsilon_2) \\ &= \beta_1 \beta_2 Var(x) + 0 + 0 + 0 \\ &= \beta_1 \beta_2 \sigma_x^2 \end{aligned}$$

(It's okay to skip a step)

No marks off for not circling.