## STA 413F2008 Assignment 10

Please read Section 6.2; notice Example 6.2.4. The following questions are practice for the Final Examination. They are not to be handed in.

1. Let the discrete random variable X have probability mass function  $p(x;\theta)$ , and assume the regularity condition

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} \sum_x p(x;\theta) = \sum_x \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \theta^2} p(x;\theta).$$

- (a) Is the regularity condition satisfied by the Bernoulli distribution? Answer Yes or No and justify your answer.
- (b) Let the score random variable  $S = \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln p(X; \theta)$ . Show E(S) = 0.
- (c) Show  $Var(S) = I(\theta)$ , where

$$I(\theta) = -E\left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial\theta^2}\ln p(X;\theta)\right).$$

- (d) Let  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  be a random sample from a discrete distribution with probability mass function  $p(x;\theta)$ , let  $Y = u(X_1, \ldots, X_n)$  have expected value  $E(Y) = k(\theta)$ , and let  $Z = \sum_{i=1}^n S_i$ . Prove  $k'(\theta) = E(YZ)$ .
- (e) What is E(Z)?
- (f) What is Cov(Y, Z)?
- (g) What is Corr(Y, Z)?
- (h) Using the fact that the absolute value of a correlation cannot be greater than one, establish the Cramér-Rao inequality of Theorem 6.2.1.
- (i) Give a lower bound for the variance of any unbiased estimator of  $\theta$ , based on a rndom sample from this distribution.
- 2. Let  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  be a random sample from a Poisson distribution with parameter  $\lambda$ . Find the MLE of  $\lambda$ . Is it efficient? Answer Yes or No and prove your answer.
- 3. Let  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  be a random sample from a Binomial distribution with parameters 4 and  $\theta$ . Find the MLE of  $\theta$ . Is it efficient? Answer Yes or No and prove your answer.

- 4. Let  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  be a random sample from a distribution with density  $f(x; \theta) = \theta x^{\theta-1} I(0 < x < 1)$ , where  $\theta > 0$ .
  - (a) Calculate the Fisher information  $I(\theta)$ .
  - (b) What is the lowest possible variance for an unbiased estimator of  $\theta$ , based on a random sample of size n? Your answer is a function of n and  $\theta$ .
  - (c) Find the Maximum Likelihood Estimator of  $\theta$ .
  - (d) Find the density of  $Y = -\ln(X)$ , where X has the density of this problem.
  - (e) Show that the MLE has a well-known distribution. What are the parameters?
  - (f) Show

$$Var(\widehat{\theta}_n) = \frac{\theta^2 n^2}{(n-1)^2(n-2)}.$$

- (g) Which is greater,  $Var(\hat{\theta}_n)$  or the lower bound  $\frac{1}{nI(\theta)}$ ?
- (h) Calculate

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{Var(\widehat{\theta}_n)}{\frac{1}{nI(\theta)}}.$$

What does this tell you?

5. Do Exercises 6.2.1, 6.2.2, 6.2.7 and 6.2.8.