


Model Diagnostics ①

Ch 5, 6, 8, 9 out of order

Model $y = X\beta + \varepsilon$ is wrong

How ~~harmful/serious~~ can we tell
How harmful is it.

Look at Residuals 

$$e = y - \hat{y}$$

Detect

- outliers
- Curvilinear trends
- Non-constant variance
- Departure from normality

Look at Plots

- y vs \hat{y}
- \hat{y} vs e
- FVs vs residuals
- Time sequence vs residuals

Plot of y vs \hat{y}

(2)

What should we see if model is correct?

Squared sample correlation between y & \hat{y} equals $R^2 = \frac{SSR}{SST}$

Assume $\sum e_i = 0$

$$SST = SSE + 0 + SSR$$
$$\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 + \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - \bar{y})^2$$
$$= \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)(\hat{y}_i - \bar{y})$$

Because $\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n y_i}{n} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \hat{y}_i}{n}$, $\bar{y} = \bar{\hat{y}}$

$$r = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})(\hat{y}_i - \bar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2 \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - \bar{y})^2}}$$
$$= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i) \hat{y}_i}{\sqrt{SST \cdot SSR}}$$

~~$-\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y}) \bar{y}$~~

$$= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n y_i \hat{y}_i - \bar{y} \sum_{i=1}^n \hat{y}_i}{\sqrt{SST \cdot SSR}} = \frac{y' \hat{y} - n \bar{y}^2}{\sqrt{SST \cdot SSR}}$$

of course $\hat{y} \neq y$

Note $y' \hat{y} = y' X b = \hat{y}' \hat{y}$ because

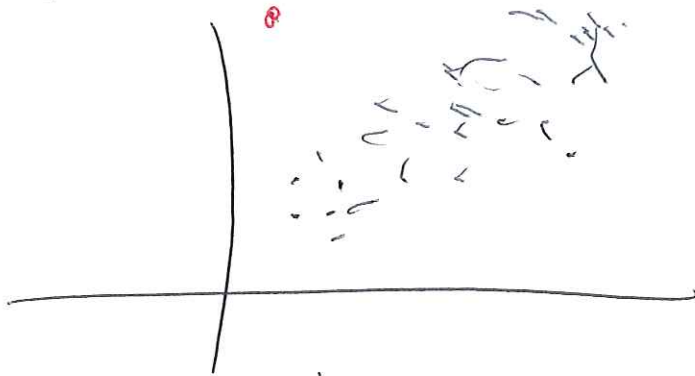
$$\begin{aligned} \hat{y}' \hat{y} &= (Xb)' Xb = \cancel{b' X' X (X' X)^{-1} X'} y \\ &= b' X' X b = b' \underbrace{X' X (X' X)^{-1}}_I X' y \\ &= b' X' y = (Xb)' y = \hat{y}' y \\ &= y' \hat{y} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \hat{y}_i^2 - n \bar{y}^2}{\sqrt{SST \cdot SSR}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - \bar{y})^2}{\sqrt{SST \cdot SSR}}$$

$$= \frac{SSR}{\sqrt{SST \cdot SSR}} = \sqrt{\frac{SSR}{SST}} = \sqrt{R^2}$$

(4)

Scatterplot will have pos slope

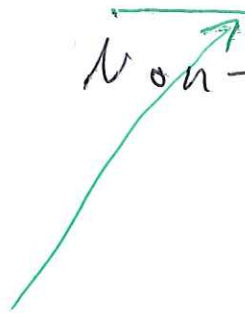


Reflect strength of relationship

Could see outliers

Curvilinear trends

Non-constant variance



Linear regression means linear in the betas, so

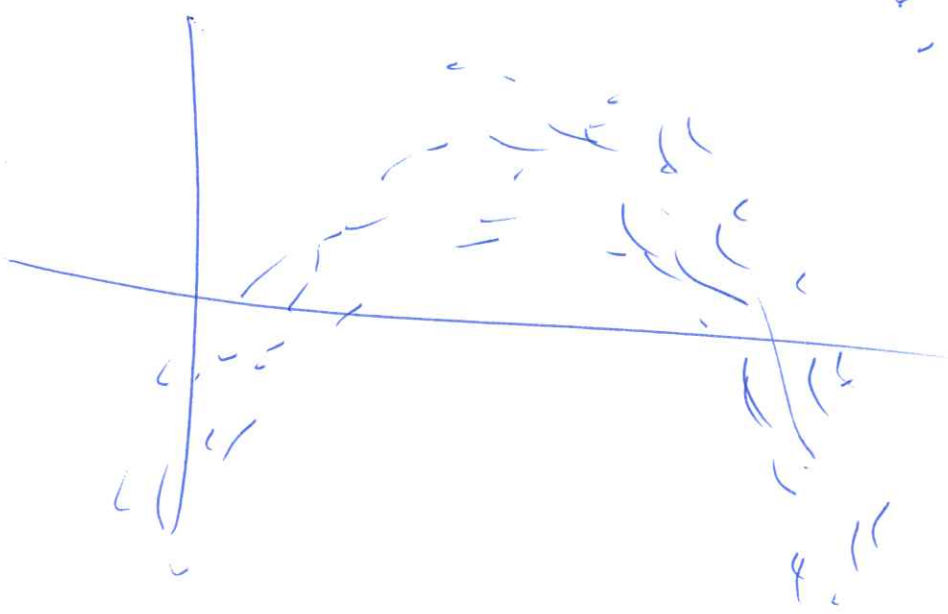
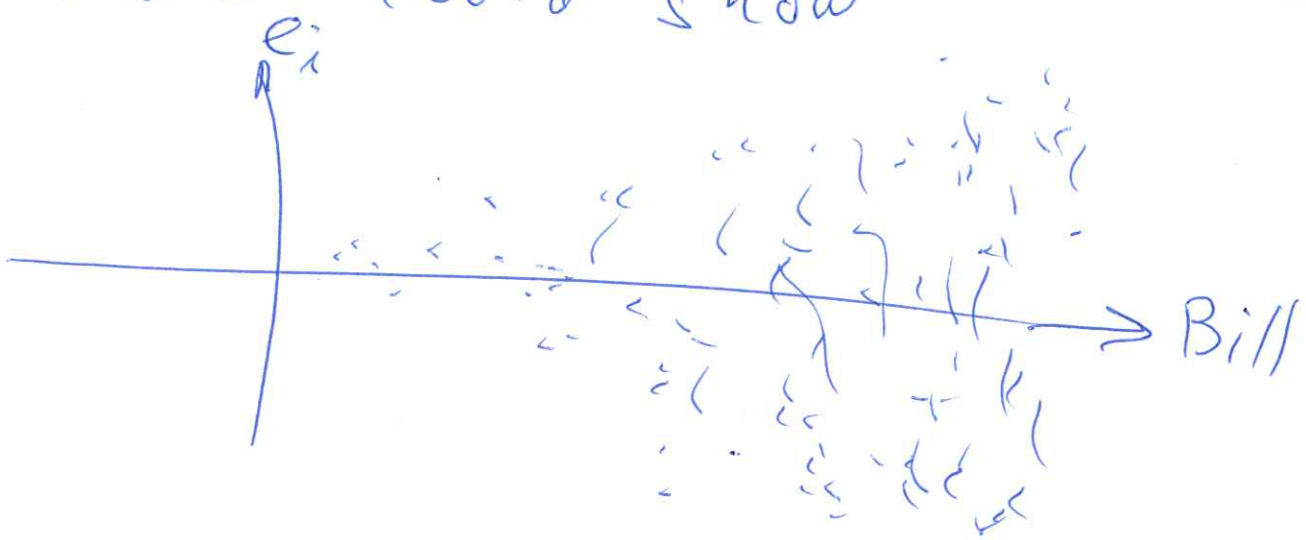
$$y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \sqrt{x_1} + \beta_2 x_2^2 + \epsilon_i$$

is Linear

$$y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \cos(\beta x_i) + \epsilon_i$$

NON LINEAR

Plots could show



Can plot e_i vs variables not in equation.