

1. Suppose  $Y_1, \dots, Y_n$  are independent Poisson random variables, with  $E(Y_i) = \mu_0$  with probability  $\pi$ , and  $E(Y_i) = \mu_1$  with probability  $(1 - \pi)$ . We fit a working model under the assumption that  $Y_i$  are independent Poisson random variables all with the same mean  $\mu$ .
  - (a) Show that the maximum likelihood estimate under the working model is  $\hat{\mu} = \bar{y}$ , and find its limiting value  $\mu^*$  under the correct model.
  - (b) Give an expression for the asymptotic variance of  $\hat{\mu}$  using the sandwich variance formula.
  - (c) Compare this to the asymptotic variance of  $\hat{\mu}$  under the working model.
2. Suppose  $Y_1, \dots, Y_n$  are i.i.d. from a density  $f(y; \theta)$ ,  $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$ , and we have a prior density  $\pi(\theta)$  which satisfies  $\pi(\theta) > 0$  and  $\int \pi(\theta) d\theta = 1$  (a so-called *proper prior*). The Laplace approximation to the posterior is

$$\pi(\theta | y) \doteq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} |j(\hat{\theta})|^{1/2} \exp\{\ell(\theta) - \ell(\hat{\theta})\} \frac{\pi(\theta)}{\pi(\hat{\theta})},$$

where we assume  $\hat{\theta}$  is the solution to  $\ell'(\theta) = 0$ , and  $j(\theta) = -\ell''(\theta)$ . Show that integrating this approximation gives

$$\Pi(\theta | y) = \int^{\theta} \pi(\vartheta | y) d\vartheta \doteq \Phi(r) + \phi(r) \left( \frac{1}{q} - \frac{1}{r} \right),$$

where  $r$  and  $q$  are functions of  $\theta$  (and  $y$ ), of the form

$$\begin{aligned} r^2/2 &= \ell(\hat{\theta}) - \ell(\theta), \\ q &= \ell'(\theta) j^{-1/2}(\hat{\theta}) \pi(\hat{\theta}) / \pi(\theta), \end{aligned}$$

and  $\Phi(\cdot)$  and  $\phi(\cdot)$  are the standard normal cumulative distribution function and density function.

*Comment: not required, but fun to figure out, to the same order of approximation*

$$\Pi(\theta | y) \doteq \Phi\left(r + \frac{1}{r} \log \frac{q}{r}\right).$$