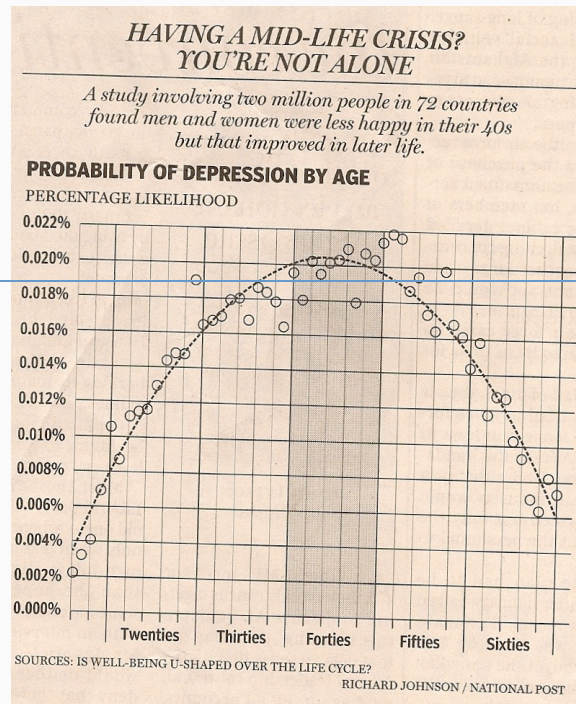


Mathematical Statistics I

STA2212H S LEC9101

Week 1

January 15 2021



1. Course Space – Amar
2. Non-regular distributions
3. HW3 from MS I

Darison

Likelihood and Estimation in SM: §4.1 – 4.4; 7.1.1

Likelihood Inference in EH: §4.1,2; 5.1,2,3,5

Office Hours: Monday 7 pm; Thursday, Friday 11 am

Bbcollaborate

Not all families are smooth

$$\underbrace{I_n^{-1}(\hat{\theta})}_{\text{C.I.}} (\hat{\theta} - \theta) \xrightarrow{d} N(0, 1) \Rightarrow \hat{\theta} \approx N(\theta, I^{-1}(\theta)) \quad \hat{\theta} \pm \dots$$

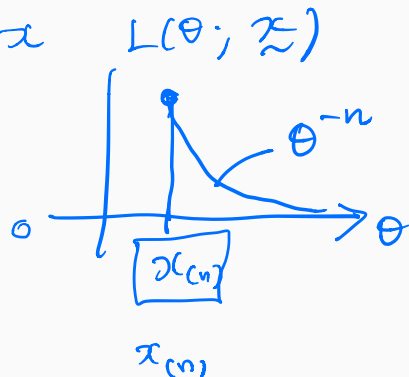
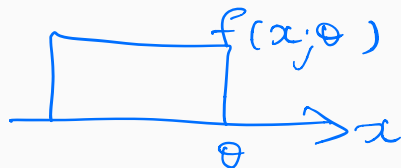
X_1, \dots, X_n iid $U(0, \theta)$

$$\prod_{i=1}^n f(x_i; \theta) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{\theta}\right)^n & 0 < x_i < \theta \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} = \theta^{-n}$$

$$L(\theta; x_1, \dots, x_n) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{\theta}\right)^n & 0 < x_1, \dots, x_n < \theta \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$l(\theta; \underline{x}) = -n \log \theta, \quad 0 < x_{(n)} \leq \theta$$

$$\underline{\theta} \geq x_{(n)} \quad x_{(n)} = \hat{\theta}$$



Not all families are smooth

$U(0, \theta)$ $X_{(n)} = \bigwedge_n$ X 's ind. $\left[\begin{array}{l} * \\ \text{not } l'(\theta) = 0 \end{array} \right]$

$$P_{\theta}(X_{(n)} \leq z) = P_{\theta}(X_1 \leq z) P_{\theta}(X_2 \leq z) \cdots P_{\theta}(X_n \leq z) \\ = [F(z; \theta)]^n$$

$$f(X_{(n)}; \theta) = n F(z; \theta)^{n-1} f(z; \theta) \\ = n \left(\frac{z}{\theta}\right)^{n-1} \cdot \frac{1}{\theta} = \left[\frac{n}{\theta^n} z^{n-1}, 0 < z < \theta \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} E(X_{(n)}; \theta) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \int_0^{\theta} z \cdot f(z; \theta) dz \quad \neq \int \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \dots dz$$

Newton-Raphson

EM-algorithm

HW M.S 1



$$l'(\hat{\theta}) = 0 \stackrel{!}{=} l'(\theta) + (\hat{\theta} - \theta) l''(\theta)$$

$$\hat{\theta} = \theta + \frac{l'(\theta)}{E[-l''(\theta)]} \quad \text{Fisher scoring}$$

in R, can use $\text{mle}(\text{loglik}, \dots)$

wrapper optim

many methods

$$\hat{\theta}^{(0)} : \hat{\theta}^{(1)} = \hat{\theta}^{(0)} + \frac{l'(\hat{\theta}^{(0)})}{-l''(\hat{\theta}^{(0)})}$$

$$\hat{\theta}^{(t)} = \hat{\theta}^{(t-1)} + \frac{l'(\hat{\theta}^{(t-1)})}{-l''(\hat{\theta}^{(t-1)})}$$

$l'' < 0$ [glm's: smooth]

Newton-Raphson

EM-algorithm

AoS p. 144

E-step

compute an \exp^r

M-step

maximize

if $L(\theta; \underline{x})$ is hard to maximize

but latent variables so that $\tilde{L}(\theta; \underline{x}, \underline{z})$ is easy to maximize

mixture models $p f_1 + (1-p) f_2$
 $z=1; f_1$ \uparrow \uparrow

Problem 4 - EXTRA CREDIT

Let $X_1, \dots, X_n \sim \text{Pareto}(\theta, \nu)$ be iid. The Pareto distribution is commonly used in social and actuarial science. The density is given by

$$f(x|\theta, \nu) = \frac{\theta \nu^\theta}{x^{\theta+1}}, x \geq \nu, \theta > 0, \nu > 0$$

where ν is the scale parameter and θ is the shape parameter. We will assume that ν is fixed throughout the problem.

(a) 5 pts

Find the method of moments estimator $\hat{\theta}_{MOM}$ for θ . Note that for $X \sim \text{Pareto}(\theta, \nu)$,

$$E(X) = \frac{\theta \times \nu}{\theta - 1}.$$

(b) 5 pts

Find the MLE $\hat{\theta}_{MLE}$ for θ .

X_1, \dots, X_n iid Pareto
 $\bar{X} = \frac{\theta \cdot \nu}{\theta - 1}$ defines $\hat{\theta}_{mom}$

ν is assumed known

$$\hat{\theta}_{\text{mom}} = \frac{\bar{x}/\nu}{1 - \bar{x}/\nu}$$

$$L(\theta) = \prod f(x_i; \theta)$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\theta^n \nu^{n\theta}}{\prod x_i^{\theta+1}}, & x_1, \dots, x_n \geq \nu \\ 0 & \end{cases}$$

$$l(\theta) = n \ln \theta + n\theta \log \nu - (\theta+1) \sum \log x_i, \quad x_{(1)} > \nu$$

suff. stat. $(x_{(1)}, \sum \log x_i)$

$$\hat{\theta}_{\text{MLE}} = \frac{n}{\theta} + n \log \nu - \sum \log x_i = 0 \dots$$

$$\hat{\theta}_n = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{n} \sum \log x_i - \log(\nu)}$$

Suppose v is unknown. Now $\hat{\theta} = \hat{\theta}_v$ constrained mle

$$l(\hat{\theta}_v, v; \underline{x}) = n \log \hat{\theta}_{n,v} + n \hat{\theta}_{n,v} \log v - \hat{\theta}_v \sum \log x_i$$

$$= l_{\underline{P}}(\hat{v}) \quad \underline{P} \text{ for profile}$$

$l'_{\underline{P}}(\hat{v}) = 0$ determine \hat{v} : $\hat{\theta}_{\hat{v}} = \text{mle of } \theta$

$$\frac{\partial l(\theta, v; \underline{x})}{\partial \theta} \stackrel{\textcircled{1}}{=} 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{\partial l(\theta, v; \underline{x})}{\partial v} \stackrel{\textcircled{2}}{=} 0$$

?? $v \geq x_{(1)}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k(\hat{\theta}) = 0 &= u(\theta) + (\hat{\theta} - \theta)u'(\theta) + R \\
 &= l'(\theta) + (\hat{\theta} - \theta)l''(\theta) + R
 \end{aligned}$$

$\underbrace{(\hat{\theta} - \theta)^2 l'''(\tilde{\theta})}_{\uparrow \rightarrow 0}$

$$\hat{\theta} - \theta = \frac{l'(\theta)}{-l''(\theta)} + R'$$

$$\sqrt{n}(\hat{\theta} - \theta) = \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}l'(\theta)}{-\frac{1}{n}l''(\theta)} \xrightarrow{d} N(0, I_1^{-1}(\theta)) \quad \chi_n \xrightarrow{d}$$

$\rightarrow E(-l''(\hat{\theta})) = I_1(\theta) \quad \chi_n \rightarrow$

$$\hat{\theta} \rightarrow \theta \quad |\tilde{\theta} - \theta| \leq |\hat{\theta} - \theta| \quad \hat{\theta} \rightarrow \theta \Rightarrow \tilde{\theta} \rightarrow \theta$$

$$\underline{E\hat{\theta} \approx \theta} \quad \underline{E\hat{\theta} = \theta + \frac{1}{n}(\text{bias}) + O(n^{-2})}$$