

Weibull Regression with R, Part One*

Comparing Two Treatments

The Pharmaco-smoking study

The purpose of this study ... was to evaluate extended duration of a triple-medication combination versus therapy with the nicotine patch alone in smokers with medical illnesses. Patients with a history of smoking were randomly assigned to the triple-combination or patch therapy and followed for up to six months. The primary outcome variable was time from randomization until relapse (return to smoking); individuals who remained non-smokers for six months were censored. The data set, “pharmacoSmoking”, is available in the “asaur” package.

The variable “ttr” is the number of days without smoking (“time to relapse”), and “relapse=1” indicates that the subject started smoking again at the given time. The variable “grp” is the treatment indicator, and “employment” can take the values “ft” (full time), “pt” (part time), or “other”. This material is quoted from *Applied Survival Analysis Using R*, pages 18-19.

```
> rm(list=ls()); # options(scipen=999)
> # install.packages("survival",dependencies=TRUE) # Only need to do this once
> library(survival) # Do this every time
> # install.packages("asaur",dependencies=TRUE) # Only need to do this once
> library(asaur)
> # help(pharmacoSmoking)
```

* Copyright information is on the last page.

```
> head(pharmacoSmoking)
```

```
  id ttr relapse      grp age gender      race employment yearsSmoking
1  21 182      0 patchOnly 36  Male    white      ft           26
2 113  14      1 patchOnly 41  Male    white     other           27
3  39   5      1 combination 25 Female  white     other           12
4  80  16      1 combination 54  Male    white      ft           39
5  87   0      1 combination 45  Male    white     other           30
6  29 182      0 combination 43  Male    hispanic   ft           30
 levelSmoking ageGroup2 ageGroup4 priorAttempts longestNoSmoke
1      heavy      21-49      35-49           0           0
2      heavy      21-49      35-49           3          90
3      heavy      21-49      21-34           3          21
4      heavy       50+      50-64           0           0
5      heavy      21-49      35-49           0           0
6      heavy      21-49      35-49           2         1825
```

```
> summary(pharmacoSmoking)
```

```
      id      ttr      relapse      grp      age
Min.   : 1.00   Min.   : 0.00   Min.   :0.000   combination:61   Min.   :22.00
1st Qu.:33.00   1st Qu.: 8.00   1st Qu.:0.000   patchOnly :64    1st Qu.:41.00
Median :67.00   Median :49.00   Median :1.000                                     Median :49.00
Mean   :66.15   Mean   :77.44   Mean   :0.712                                     Mean   :48.84
3rd Qu.:99.00   3rd Qu.:182.00  3rd Qu.:1.000                                     3rd Qu.:56.00
Max.   :130.00   Max.   :182.00   Max.   :1.000                                     Max.   :86.00

gender      race      employment yearsSmoking levelSmoking ageGroup2
Female:81   black :38   ft :72   Min.   : 9.00   heavy:89   21-49:66
Male :44   hispanic: 8   other:39 1st Qu.:22.00  light:36   50+ :59
           other : 2   pt :14   Median :30.00
           white :77   Mean   :30.88
           3rd Qu.:39.00
           Max.   :56.00

ageGroup4 priorAttempts longestNoSmoke
21-34:16   Min.   : 0.00   Min.   : 0.0
35-49:50   1st Qu.: 1.00   1st Qu.: 7.0
50-64:48   Median : 2.00   Median : 90.0
65+ :11    Mean   :12.68   Mean   :539.7
           3rd Qu.: 5.00   3rd Qu.:365.0
           Max.   :1000.00   Max.   :6205.0
```

```
> attach(pharmacoSmoking)
```

```

> TimeToRelapse = Surv(ttr,relapse)
> sort(TimeToRelapse)
 [1]  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  1  1  1
[16]  1  1  2  2  2  2  2  2  3  4  4  4  4  5  5  6
[31]  7  8  8  8 10 12 12 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 15
[46] 15 15 15 16 20 21 21 25 28 28 28 30 30 30 40
[61] 42 45 49 50 56 56 56 56 56 60 60 63 63 65 75
[76] 77 77 80 84 100 105 110 140 140 140 140 155 170 170 182+
[91] 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+
[106] 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+
[121] 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+ 182+

```

```

> # Fit a Weibull model with just treatment group, which was randomly assigned.
> Model0 = survreg(TimeToRelapse~grp,dist='weibull')

```

```

Error in survreg(TimeToRelapse ~ grp, dist = "weibull") :
  Invalid survival times for this distribution

```

```

> # Error, likely choking on the zeros.
> DayOfRelapse = Surv(ttr+1,relapse) # Day of relapse starts with one.
> Model0 = survreg(DayOfRelapse~grp,dist='weibull')
> summary(Model0)

```

```

Call:
survreg(formula = DayOfRelapse ~ grp, dist = "weibull")

              Value Std. Error      z      p
(Intercept)  5.260      0.3053 17.23 1.60e-66
grppatchOnly -1.162      0.3999 -2.91 3.67e-03
Log(scale)   0.606      0.0904  6.70 2.14e-11

```

Scale= 1.83

```

Weibull distribution
Loglik(model)= -472.1  Loglik(intercept only)= -476.5
      Chisq= 8.78 on 1 degrees of freedom, p= 0.003
Number of Newton-Raphson Iterations: 5
n= 125

```

Conclusion is that combination therapy is more effective. But the alphabetical order of treatments makes combination the reference category, and this is clumsy. Make patch-only the reference category and re-run. See analysis of the cars data for an example.

```

> contrasts(grp) = contr.treatment(2,base=2)
> colnames(contrasts(grp)) = c('Combo') # Names of dummy vars -- just one
> Model1 = survreg(DayOfRelapse~grp,dist='weibull')
> summary(Model1)

```

Call:

```
survreg(formula = DayOfRelapse ~ grp, dist = "weibull")
```

	Value	Std. Error	z	p
(Intercept)	4.098	0.2548	16.09	3.22e-58
grpCombo	1.162	0.3999	2.91	3.67e-03
Log(scale)	0.606	0.0904	6.70	2.14e-11

Scale= 1.83

Weibull distribution

Loglik(model)= -472.1 Loglik(intercept only)= -476.5

Chisq= 8.78 on 1 degrees of freedom, p= 0.003

Number of Newton-Raphson Iterations: 5

n= 125

>

```
> betahat = Model1$coefficients; betahat
```

(Intercept)	grpCombo
4.097999	1.161901

```
> b0 = betahat[1]; b1 = betahat[2]
```

```
> sigmahat = Model1$scale; sigmahat
```

```
[1] 1.832392
```

```
> Vhat = vcov(Model1); Vhat
```

	(Intercept)	grpCombo	Log(scale)
(Intercept)	0.064903153	-0.065806535	-0.001649823
grpCombo	-0.065806535	0.159909904	0.006128624
Log(scale)	-0.001649823	0.006128624	0.008179519

```
> # Asymptotic covariance matrix comes out in terms of Log(scale), which is
```

```
> # a minor pain.
```

>

```
> # 1) When patients receive the combination drug therapy rather than nicotine patch only, expected relapse time is multiplied by _____ .
```

```
> # a) Give an estimate
```

```
> # b) Modify the CI for beta1 to get a 95% confidence interval (don't use the delta method).
```

>

```
> # a) Give an estimate
```

```
> exp(b1)
```

```
grpCombo
```

```
3.196004
```

>

```

>
> # a) Give an estimate
> exp(b1)
grpCombo
3.196004
>
> # b) Modify the CI for beta1 to get a 95% confidence interval (don't use the
delta method).
> L = 1.162 - 1.96*0.3999; U = 1.162 + 1.96*0.3999
> c(exp(L),exp(U))
[1] 1.459649 6.999257

```

```

> summary(Model1) # Repeating

```

Call:

```

survreg(formula = DayOfRelapse ~ grp, dist = "weibull")

```

	Value	Std. Error	z	p
(Intercept)	4.098	0.2548	16.09	3.22e-58
grpCombo	1.162	0.3999	2.91	3.67e-03
Log(scale)	0.606	0.0904	6.70	2.14e-11

Scale= 1.83

Weibull distribution

Loglik(model)= -472.1 Loglik(intercept only)= -476.5

 Chisq= 8.78 on 1 degrees of freedom, p= 0.003

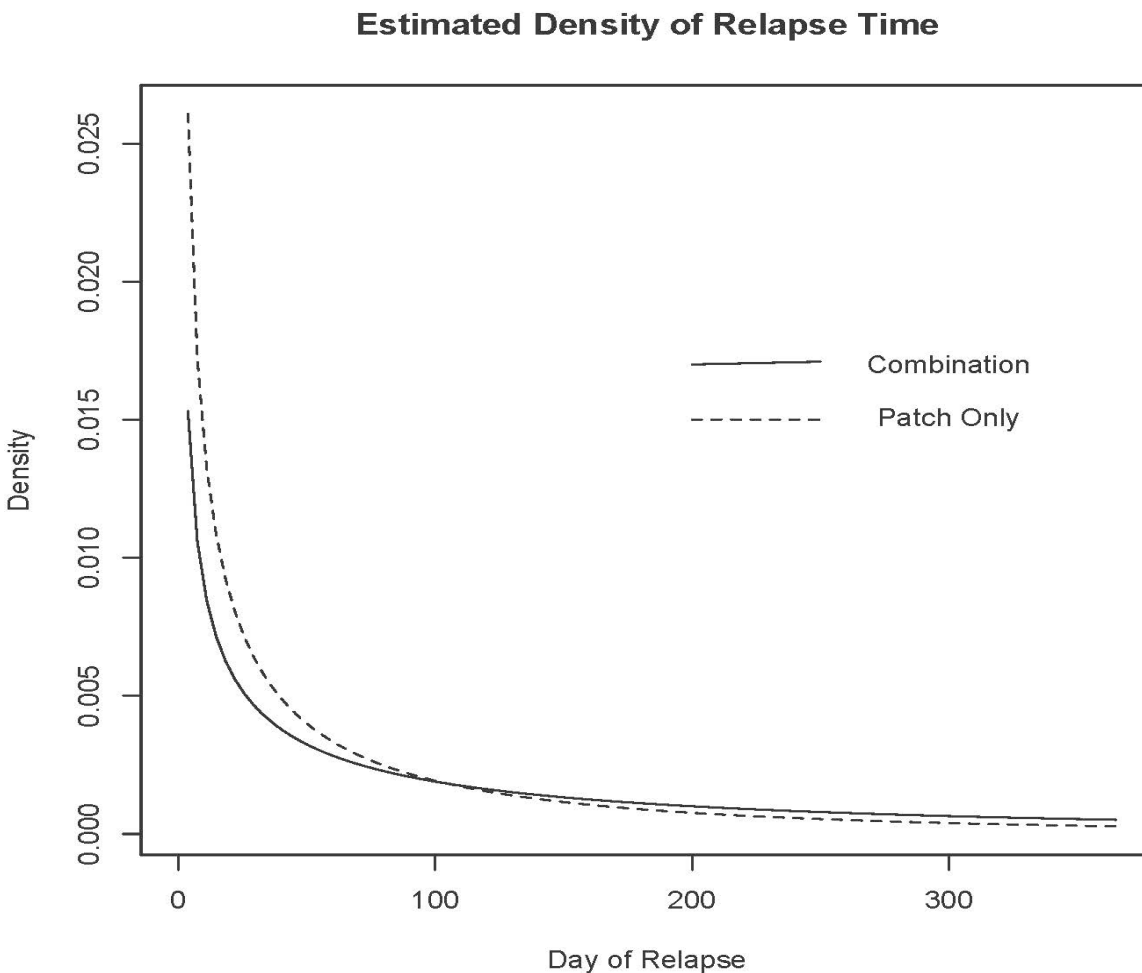
Number of Newton-Raphson Iterations: 5

n= 125

```

> # 2) Estimate and plot the density of relapse time for the two experimental
conditions.
>
> # Okay, lambda = exp(-mu), alpha = 1/sigma
> alpha = 1/sigmahat
> lambda0 = exp(-b0); lambda1 = exp(-b0-b1)
> t = seq(from=0,to=300,length=101)
> f0 = alpha*lambda0^alpha * t^(alpha-1) * exp(-(lambda0*t)^alpha)
> f1 = alpha*lambda1^alpha * t^(alpha-1) * exp(-(lambda1*t)^alpha)
> plot(t,f0,pch=' ',xlab='Day of Relapse',ylab='Density') # Empty plot
> title('Estimated Density of Relapse Time')
> lines(t,f0,lty=2); lines(t,f1,lty=1)
> # Annotate the plot
> x0=c(200,250); y0 = c(0.015,0.015); lines(x0,y0,lty=2)
> text(300,0.015,'Patch Only')
> x1=c(200,250); y1 = c(0.017,0.0171); lines(x1,y1,lty=1)
> text(300,0.017,'Combination')

```



```

> # 3) Estimate median time to relapse for the 2 groups, with CIs
> # Asymptotic covariance matrix comes out in terms of Log(scale), which is
> # unfortunate.
> # Denote log(sigma) by s, and re-write g(theta) = exp(beta0) * log(2)^sigma
> # as g(theta) = exp(beta0) * log(2)^exp(s)
> shat = log(sigmahat)
>
> # Patch Only
> medianhat0 = exp(b0)*log(2)^sigmahat
> # gdot will be a 1 x 3 matrix.
> gdot0 = cbind( exp(b0)*log(2)^exp(shat), 0, exp(b0) * log(2)^exp(shat) *
log(log(2)) * exp(shat) )
> se0 = sqrt( as.numeric(gdot0 %*% Vhat %*% t(gdot0)) ); se0
[1] 8.18674
> lower0 = medianhat0 - 1.96*se0; upper0 = medianhat0 + 1.96*se0
> patchonly = c(medianhat0,lower0,upper0)
> names(patchonly) = c('Median','Lower95','Upper95')
> patchonly
  Median Lower95 Upper95
30.76581 14.71980 46.81182
>
> # Combination drug treatment
> medianhat1 = exp(b0+b1)*log(2)^sigmahat
> gdot1 = cbind( exp(b0+b1)*log(2)^exp(shat), exp(b0+b1)*log(2)^exp(shat),
+               exp(b0+b1) * log(2)^exp(shat) * log(log(2)) * exp(shat) )
> se1 = sqrt( as.numeric(gdot1 %*% Vhat %*% t(gdot1)) ); se1
[1] 29.64109
> lower1 = medianhat1 - 1.96*se1; upper1 = medianhat1 + 1.96*se1
> combination = c(medianhat1,lower1,upper1)
> names(combination) = c('Median','Lower95','Upper95')
> combination
  Median Lower95 Upper95
98.32767 40.23114 156.42420
>
> # There is an easier way to get these numbers
> # help(predict.survreg)
> Justpatch = data.frame(grp='patchOnly')
> # A data frame with just one case and one variable.
> Combination = data.frame(grp='combination')
> treatments = rbind(Justpatch,Combination); treatments
      grp
1 patchOnly
2 combination

```

```

> # The 0.5 quantile is the median
> medians = predict(Model1,newdata=treatments,type='quantile',p=0.5,se=TRUE)
> medians
$fit
      1      2
30.76581 98.32767

$se.fit
      1      2
 8.18674 29.64109

> cbind(medians$fit,medians$se)
      [,1] [,2]
1 30.76581  8.18674
2 98.32767 29.64109
> rbind(c(medianhat0,se0),
+       c(medianhat1,se1) )
      (Intercept)
[1,]  30.76581  8.18674
[2,]  98.32767 29.64109
>
> # 4) Give a confidence interval for the difference between medians
>
> diffmed = medianhat1 - medianhat0
> sed = sqrt(se0^2 + se1^2)
> lowerd = diffmed - 1.96*sed; upperd = diffmed + 1.96*sed
> differ = c(diffmed,lowerd,upperd)
> names(differ) = c('Difference','Lower95','Upper95')
> differ
Difference      Lower95      Upper95
 67.56186      7.29013 127.83359
>

```



```

> # 5) Plot the Kaplan-Meier estimates and MLEs of S(t)
>
> KM = survfit(DayOfRelapse~grp, type="kaplan-meier") # Kaplan-Meier is the
default
> summary(KM)
Call: survfit(formula = DayOfRelapse ~ grp, type = "kaplan-meier")

```

grp=combination							
time	n.risk	n.event	survival	std.err	lower 95% CI	upper 95% CI	
1	61	4	0.934	0.0317	0.874	0.999	
3	57	3	0.885	0.0408	0.809	0.969	
5	54	1	0.869	0.0432	0.788	0.958	
6	53	2	0.836	0.0474	0.748	0.934	
9	51	2	0.803	0.0509	0.709	0.909	
11	49	1	0.787	0.0524	0.691	0.897	
13	48	1	0.770	0.0538	0.672	0.884	
15	47	1	0.754	0.0551	0.653	0.870	
16	46	2	0.721	0.0574	0.617	0.843	
17	44	1	0.705	0.0584	0.599	0.829	
21	43	1	0.689	0.0593	0.582	0.815	
22	42	1	0.672	0.0601	0.564	0.801	
31	41	2	0.639	0.0615	0.530	0.772	
43	39	1	0.623	0.0621	0.512	0.757	
51	38	1	0.607	0.0625	0.496	0.742	
57	37	2	0.574	0.0633	0.462	0.712	
61	35	2	0.541	0.0638	0.429	0.682	
64	33	2	0.508	0.0640	0.397	0.650	
66	31	1	0.492	0.0640	0.381	0.635	
76	30	1	0.475	0.0639	0.365	0.619	
111	29	1	0.459	0.0638	0.350	0.603	
141	28	3	0.410	0.0630	0.303	0.554	
171	25	1	0.393	0.0625	0.288	0.537	

grp=patchOnly							
time	n.risk	n.event	survival	std.err	lower 95% CI	upper 95% CI	
1	64	8	0.875	0.0413	0.798	0.960	
2	56	5	0.797	0.0503	0.704	0.902	
3	51	3	0.750	0.0541	0.651	0.864	
4	48	1	0.734	0.0552	0.634	0.851	
5	47	2	0.703	0.0571	0.600	0.824	
7	45	1	0.688	0.0579	0.583	0.811	
8	44	1	0.672	0.0587	0.566	0.797	
9	43	1	0.656	0.0594	0.550	0.784	
13	42	1	0.641	0.0600	0.533	0.770	
15	41	6	0.547	0.0622	0.438	0.684	
16	35	2	0.516	0.0625	0.407	0.654	
22	33	1	0.500	0.0625	0.391	0.639	
26	32	1	0.484	0.0625	0.376	0.624	

29	31	3	0.437	0.0620	0.331	0.578
31	28	1	0.422	0.0617	0.317	0.562
41	27	1	0.406	0.0614	0.302	0.546
46	26	1	0.391	0.0610	0.288	0.530
50	25	1	0.375	0.0605	0.273	0.515
57	24	3	0.328	0.0587	0.231	0.466
78	21	2	0.297	0.0571	0.204	0.433
81	19	1	0.281	0.0562	0.190	0.416
85	18	1	0.266	0.0552	0.177	0.399
101	17	1	0.250	0.0541	0.164	0.382
106	16	1	0.234	0.0530	0.151	0.365
141	15	1	0.219	0.0517	0.138	0.348
156	14	1	0.203	0.0503	0.125	0.330
171	13	1	0.187	0.0488	0.113	0.312

> # Look at K-M estimates of medians

> KM[1] # Combination

Call: survfit(formula = DayOfRelapse ~ grp, type = "kaplan-meier")

n	events	median	0.95LCL	0.95UCL
61	37	66	51	NA

> KM[2] # Patch Only

Call: survfit(formula = DayOfRelapse ~ grp, type = "kaplan-meier")

n	events	median	0.95LCL	0.95UCL
64	52	24	15	57

> # Repeat MLEs for comparison

> combination

Median	Lower95	Upper95
98.32767	40.23114	156.42420

> patchonly

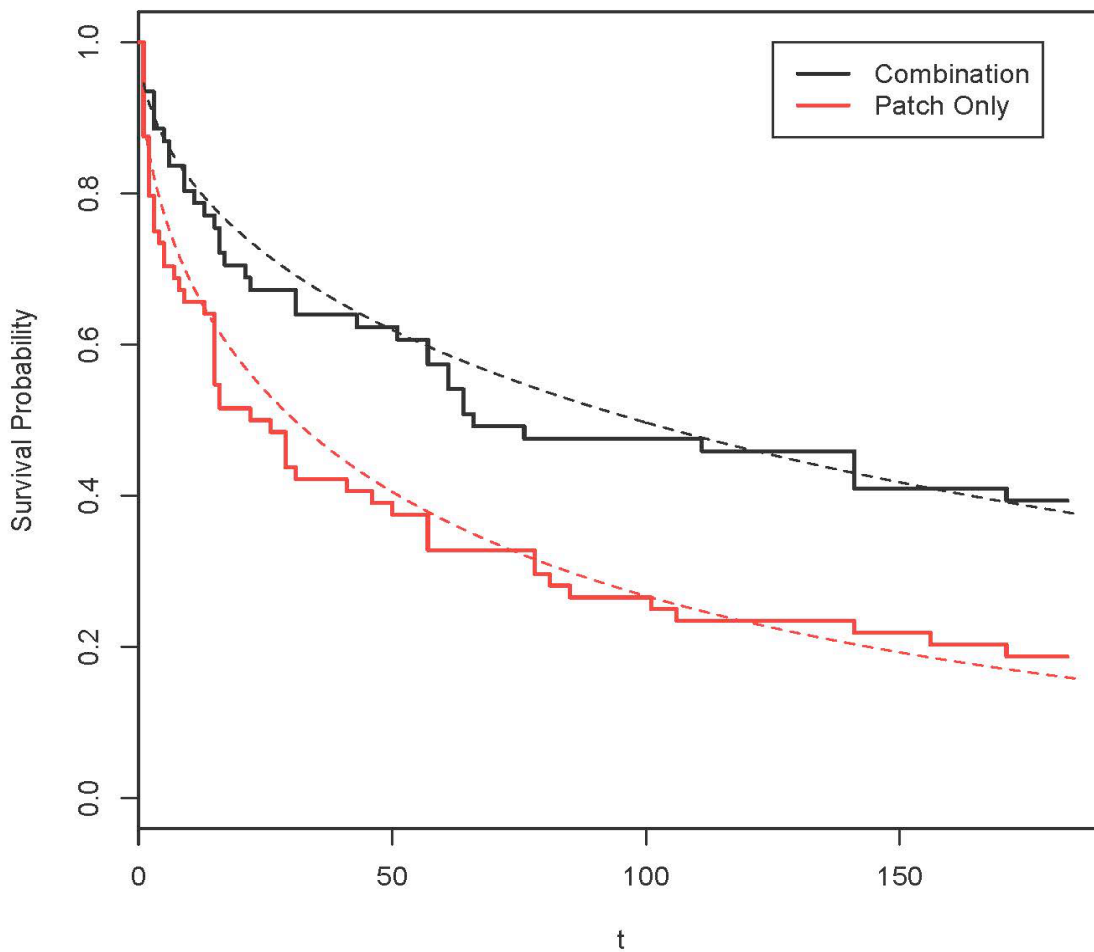
Median	Lower95	Upper95
30.76581	14.71980	46.81182

```

> plot(KM, xlab='t', ylab='Survival Probability', lwd=2, col=1:2)
> # 1 is black, 2 is red
> legend(x=125,y=1.0, col=1:2, lwd=2, legend=c('Combination','Patch Only'))
> title(expression(paste(hat(S)(t),': Kaplan-Meier and Maximum Likelihood
Estimates')))
> # MLEs
> x = 1:185
> lambda0 = exp(-b0); lambda1 = exp(-b0-b1); alpha=1/sigmahat
> Shat0 = exp(-(lambda0*x)^alpha); Shat1 = exp(-(lambda1*x)^alpha)
> lines(x,Shat0,lty=2,col=2) # Patch only is red
> lines(x,Shat1,lty=2)      # Combination is black (default)

```

$\hat{S}(t)$: Kaplan-Meier and Maximum Likelihood Estimates



```

>
> # Non-parametric rank test of equal survival functions
> # See http://dwo11.de/rexrepos/posts/survivalKM.html
> survdiff(DayOfRelapse~grp)
Call:
survdiff(formula = DayOfRelapse ~ grp)

                N Observed Expected (O-E)^2/E (O-E)^2/V
grp=combination 61      37      49.9      3.36      8.03
grp=patchOnly   64      52      39.1      4.29      8.03

Chisq= 8  on 1 degrees of freedom, p= 0.00461

> # Compare p = 0.00367 from Z-test of H0: beta1=0
>
>

```

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