

Centered Model for the SAT Data

```
> sat = read.table("http://www.utstat.toronto.edu/~brunner/data/legal/openSAT.data.txt")
> summary(lm(GPA ~ VERBAL + MATH, data=sat))
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = GPA ~ VERBAL + MATH, data = sat)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-2.24875	-0.35113	0.04659	0.38745	1.03527

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	0.6062975	0.4414062	1.374	0.171
VERBAL	0.0023072	0.0005522	4.178	4.42e-05 ***
MATH	0.0009999	0.0006093	1.641	0.102

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.5484 on 197 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.1161, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1071

F-statistic: 12.93 on 2 and 197 DF, p-value: 5.284e-06

```
> # Center the variables
> attach(sat)
> x1 = VERBAL-mean(VERBAL); x2 = MATH-mean(MATH) # Could do y = GPA-mean(GPA)
> cmodel = lm(GPA ~ x1 + x2) # Or lm(Y ~ 0 + x1 + x2)
> summary(cmodel)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = GPA ~ x1 + x2)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-2.24875	-0.35113	0.04659	0.38745	1.03527

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	2.6300000	0.0387764	67.825	< 2e-16 ***
x1	0.0023072	0.0005522	4.178	4.42e-05 ***
x2	0.0009999	0.0006093	1.641	0.102

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.5484 on 197 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.1161, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1071

F-statistic: 12.93 on 2 and 197 DF, p-value: 5.284e-06

Centered Model for the trees Data

```
> # Use of centering to reduce multicollinearity in polynomial regression
>
> with(trees, # Do the following using trees
+ {Gsq = Girth^2
+ cGirth = Girth-mean(Girth)
+ cGsq = cGirth^2
+ cor( cbind(Girth,Gsq,cGirth,cGsq) )
+ } # End expression to be evaluated
+ ) # End within trees
```

```
      Girth      Gsq      cGirth      cGsq
Girth 1.0000000 0.9930404 1.0000000 0.4379578
Gsq    0.9930404 1.0000000 0.9930404 0.5407885
cGirth 1.0000000 0.9930404 1.0000000 0.4379578
cGsq   0.4379578 0.5407885 0.4379578 1.0000000
```

```
>
> forest = within(trees, # Do the following to trees
+ {cGirth = Girth-mean(Girth)
+ cGsq = cGirth^2
+ cHeight = Height-mean(Height)
+ } # End expression to be evaluated
+ ) # End within trees
```

```
> model = lm(Volume ~ cHeight+cGirth+cGsq, data=forest); summary(model)
```

```
Call:
lm(formula = Volume ~ cHeight + cGirth + cGsq, data = forest)
```

```
Residuals:
    Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
-4.2928 -1.6693 -0.1018  1.7851  4.3489
```

```
Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)  27.61093    0.64314  42.931 < 2e-16 ***
cHeight      0.37639    0.08823   4.266 0.000218 ***
cGirth       4.23255    0.19630  21.561 < 2e-16 ***
cGsq         0.26862    0.04590   5.852 3.13e-06 ***
---

```

```
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
Residual standard error: 2.625 on 27 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9771, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9745
F-statistic: 383.2 on 3 and 27 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```