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Student Number

STA 431s13 Quiz 1

1. (4 points) Let **X** be an n by p matrix with $n \neq p$, and suppose that $(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}$ exists. Why is it incorrect to say that $(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1} = \mathbf{X}^{-1}\mathbf{X}'^{-1}$? You have a lot more room than you need for the answer.

X is not a square matrix, so X -1 is not even defined.

$$\begin{split} E(g(X)) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(x) \, f_X(x) \, dx, \quad \text{or } E(g(X)) = \sum_x g(x) \, p_X(x) \\ Var(X) &= E[(X - \mu_X)^2] \qquad \qquad Cov(X, Y) = E[(X - \mu_X)(Y - \mu_Y)] \end{split}$$

2. (6 points) Let X and Y be random variables. Calculate Var(X + Y) in terms of variances and covariances. You may use the linearity of expected value, but do *not* use the centering rule.

$$E(X+Y) = E(X) + E(Y) = \mu_{x} + \mu_{y}$$

$$Van(X+Y) = E \left\{ (X+Y - (\mu_{x} + \mu_{y}))^{2} \right\}$$

$$= E \left\{ ((X-\mu_{x}) + (Y-\mu_{y}))^{2} \right\}$$

$$= E \left\{ ((X-\mu_{x})^{2} + \lambda(X-\mu_{x})(Y-\mu_{y}) + (Y-\mu_{y})^{2} \right\}$$

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$$= Van(X) + \lambda(x) + \lambda(x)(X,Y) + Van(Y)$$